

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE DISTRICT OF NEBRASKA

ARNETTA SWIFT (NEE) HILL, and
CHARLES SWIFT,

Plaintiffs,

vs.

BRENDA OSLER,

Defendant.

8:17CV440

**MEMORANDUM
AND ORDER**

This matter is before the court on Plaintiffs' Notice of Appeal ([Filing No. 7](#), Part 1) and Motion for Leave to Appeal in Forma Pauperis ([Filing No. 7](#), Part 2). For the reasons set forth below, the court finds that pursuant to [28 U.S.C. § 1915\(a\)\(3\)](#), Plaintiffs may not take this appeal in forma pauperis.

A litigant seeking to appeal a judgment must either pay the required filing fees, *see* [Fed. R. App. P. 3\(e\)](#), or proceed in forma pauperis pursuant to [28 U.S.C. § 1915\(a\)](#). Section 1915(a)(3) provides that “[a]n appeal may not be taken in forma pauperis if the trial court certifies in writing that it is not taken in good faith.” *See also* [Fed. R. App. P. 24\(a\)\(3\)](#) (stating that a party permitted to proceed in forma pauperis in the district court may do so on appeal without further authorization unless the district court . . . certifies that the appeal is not taken in good faith . . . and states in writing its reasons for the certification”). An appellant demonstrates good faith by seeking appellate review of any issue that is not frivolous. [Coppedge v. United States](#), 369 U.S. 438, 445 (1962); [Ellis v. United States](#), 356 U.S. 674, 674 (1958).

An appeal is frivolous when none of the legal points are arguable on their merit. *See* [Neitzke v. Williams](#), 490 U.S. 319, 325 (1989); [Misischia v. St. John's Mercy Health Sys.](#), 457 F.3d 800, 806 (8th Cir. 2006). And while such a finding

should be made only in extreme cases, it is proper when a party attempts to appeal from an order that is clearly not appealable. See *Cohen v. Curtis Publ'g Co.*, 333 F.2d 974, 978–79 (8th Cir. 1964).

The order from which Plaintiffs are attempting to appeal—the court's order on initial review ([Filing No. 6](#)) dated December 8, 2017—is clearly not appealable. The order does not qualify as a final decision capable of appeal under 28 U.S.C. § 1291. In addition, the order does not fall within the narrow class of appealable interlocutory orders under § 1292(a).

Because Plaintiffs are attempting to appeal from an order that is not appealable, the court certifies that the appeal is not taken in good faith. Plaintiffs may challenge this determination in the Eighth Circuit Court of Appeals.

IT IS THEREFORE ORDERED that:

1. Plaintiffs' Motion for Leave to Appeal in Forma Pauperis ([Filing No. 7](#), Part 2) is denied.
2. The clerk of the court is directed to provide a copy of this Memorandum and Order to the Eighth Circuit Court of Appeals.

Dated this 13th day of December, 2017.

BY THE COURT:

s/ *Richard G. Kopf*
Senior United States District Judge